

Third Quarter 2020 November 5, 2020

# TOROMONT ANNOUNCES RESULTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF 2020 AND QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

Toromont Industries Ltd. (TSX: TIH) reported its financial results for the third quarter ended September 30, 2020.

	Three months ended Septemb								ended Sep	tember 30
millions, except per share amounts		2020		2019	% change		2020		2019	% change
Revenues	\$	921.7	\$	975.2	(5%)	\$	2,486.7	\$	2,653.5	(6%)
Operating income	\$	112.9	\$	114.5	(1%)	\$	245.3	\$	284.3	(14%)
Net earnings	\$	77.4	\$	79.7	(3%)	\$	166.0	\$	196.3	(15%)
Basic earnings per share ("EPS")	\$	0.94	\$	0.98	(4%)	\$	2.02	\$	2.41	(16%)

We are pleased with the improvement experienced over last quarter, reflective of the Toromont team's ability to adapt to an ever-changing environment, provide essential services and execute in a very challenging market. From the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Toromont team continues to drive improvements while remaining focused on our three priorities, namely, safeguarding our employees, servicing our customers' needs and protecting our business for the future. There remains considerable uncertainty in the marketplace and we expect the cautious tone to persist. We appreciate our entire team's effort and commitment to supporting our valued customers during this challenging time.

# **Highlights:**

#### Consolidated results

- Revenues decreased 5% to \$921.7 million in the quarter versus last year reflecting continued lower economic activity imposed by COVID-19. While some recovery phased in during the quarter, revenues were still below prior year levels. Product support and rental revenues were lower by 3% and 11% respectively. Equipment sales were lower by 6%, reflecting lower new equipment sales across most markets.
- Revenues decreased 6% to \$2.5 billion year-to-date, reflecting similar trends as outlined above for the quarter.
- Operating income was 1% lower in the third quarter on the lower revenues, largely offset by lower expenses. Cost containment initiatives continued throughout the quarter and sales-related expenses were lower on the reduced activity level including travel. Subsidies accrued under the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy program ("CEWS") totalled \$7.3 million in the quarter.
- Operating income was 14% lower year-to-date reflecting lower economic activity levels experienced since the onset of the pandemic. Cost containment strategies took some time to take hold and some additional costs were incurred early on in order to support and protect employees. Operating income margin<sup>(1)</sup> decreased 80 basis points ("bps") to 9.9%.

- Backlogs were \$472.1 million at September 30, 2020, compared to \$453.9 million at September 30, 2019. CIMCO backlogs were at near record levels on strong industrial booking activity in early 2020. Equipment Group backlogs were lower on reduced activity levels reflecting the cautious tone throughout the quarter and fulfillment of orders from inventory.
- Net earnings decreased \$2.3 million or 3% in the quarter versus a year ago to \$77.4 million or \$0.94 EPS.
- On a year-to-date basis, net earnings decreased \$30.3 million or 15% and EPS of \$2.02 per share was down 16%.

# **Equipment Group**

- Revenues were down \$46.8 million or 5% to \$834.7 million for the quarter and \$141.6 million or 6% to \$2.3 billion year-to-date on reduced economic activity. New equipment sales, product support and rental activity were lower across all geographic markets and product groups.
- Operating income was down \$0.8 million or 1% to \$103.4 million in the quarter on lower revenues and gross profit margins. Operating income margin increased 60 bps to 12.4% reflecting a lower expense ratio, due in part to a \$6.5 million government wage subsidy in the current year.
- Operating income was down \$35.4 million or 13% to \$231.0 million year-to-date, due to similar reasons as the quarter. Operating income margin decreased 80 bps to 10.2%.
- Bookings increased \$38.5 million or 12% in the quarter and decreased \$46.5 million or 4% year-to-date. Higher orders resulted across most segments reflecting improvements in underlying economic activity. Backlogs of \$256.1 million at the end of September 2020, were down \$69.2 million or 21% from September 2019. Approximately 70% of the backlog is expected to be delivered this year.

#### CIMCO

- Revenues decreased \$6.8 million or 7% to \$86.9 million for the quarter versus the third quarter last year. Project construction work was slower during the quarter due to COVID-19 site restrictions reducing activity. Product support revenues also decreased on lower activity.
- Revenues decreased \$25.2 million or 10% to \$217.5 million year-to-date with similar trends as reported in the quarter.
- Operating income was down \$0.8 million or 8% to \$9.5 million for the quarter largely reflecting lower revenues. Operating income was down \$3.7 million or 20% to \$14.3 million year-to-date on the lower revenues. Operating income margin decreased to 6.6% year-to-date reflecting the lower revenues supporting fixed costs.
- Bookings were up \$5.2 million or 15% in the quarter and \$54.5 million or 37% year-to-date on increased industrial activity in Canada and the US. Backlogs of \$216.0 million were up \$87.4 million or 68% from September 2019, approximately 35% of which is expected to be realized as revenue this year, subject to construction schedules.

# **Financial Position**

- Toromont's share price of \$79.68 at the end of September 2020, translated to a market capitalization of \$6.6 billion and a total enterprise value of \$6.7 billion.
- The Company maintained its strong financial position. Leverage as represented by the net debt to total capitalization ratio was 10% as at the end September 2020, compared to 15% at December 2019, and 22% at September 2019.
- The Board of Directors announced a quarterly dividend of 31 cents per common share, payable on January 5, 2021 to shareholders of record on December 9, 2020. The quarterly dividend was previously increased 14.8% to 31 cents per share effective with the dividend paid April 2, 2020.
- Return on opening shareholders' equity was 17.6% at September 30, 2020, on a trailing twelve-month basis, compared to 21.4% at December 2019, and 21.9% at September 2019. Trailing twelve month pre-tax return on capital employed was 20.3% at the end of September 2020, compared to 22.9% at December 2019, and 22.9% at September 2019.

While market activity improved somewhat from the second quarter, it remained below last year's level. The diversity of our geographical landscape and markets served, extensive product and service offerings, and financial strength together with our disciplined operating culture, continue to position us well for the long term. We are very proud of our team's ability to navigate through this pandemic and protect the interests of our employees, customers and stakeholders.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") comments on the operations, performance and financial condition of Toromont Industries Ltd. ("Toromont" or the "Company") as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to the preceding year. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the annual MD&A contained in the 2019 Annual Report and the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reported herein have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting,* and are reported in Canadian dollars. The information in this MD&A is current to November 5, 2020.

Additional information is contained in the Company's filings with Canadian securities regulators, including the Company's 2019 Annual Report and the 2020 Annual Information Form. These filings are available on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a> and on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.toromont.com">www.toromont.com</a>.

#### Advisory

Information in this MD&A that is not a historical fact is "forward-looking information". Words such as "plans", "intends", "outlook", "expects", "anticipates", "estimates", "believes", "likely", "should", "could", "will", "may" and similar expressions are intended to identify statements containing forward-looking information. Forward-looking information in this MD&A reflects current estimates, beliefs, and assumptions, which are based on Toromont's perception of historical trends, current conditions and

expected future developments, as well as other factors management believes are appropriate in the circumstances. Toromont's estimates, beliefs and assumptions are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive and other uncertainties and contingencies regarding future events and as such, are subject to change. Toromont can give no assurance that such estimates, beliefs and assumptions will prove to be correct. This MD&A also contains forward-looking statements about the recently acquired businesses.

Numerous risks and uncertainties could cause the actual results to differ materially from the estimates, beliefs and assumptions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: business cycles, including general economic conditions in the countries and regions in which Toromont operates; commodity price changes, including changes in the price of precious and base metals; potential risks and uncertainties relating to the novel COVID-19 global pandemic, including an economic downturn, reduction or disruption in supply or demand for our products and services, or adverse impacts on our workforce, capital resources, or share trading price or liquidity, and increased regulation of or restrictions placed on our businesses; changes in foreign exchange rates, including the Cdn\$/US\$ exchange rate; the termination of distribution or original equipment manufacturer agreements; equipment product acceptance and availability of supply; increased competition; credit of third parties; additional costs associated with warranties and maintenance contracts; changes in interest rates; the availability of financing; potential environmental liabilities of the acquired businesses and changes to environmental regulation; failure to attract and retain key employees; damage to the reputation of Caterpillar, product quality and product safety risks which could expose Toromont to product liability claims and negative publicity; new, or changes to current, federal and provincial laws, rules and regulations including changes in infrastructure spending; any requirement of Toromont to make contributions to the registered funded defined benefit pension plans, postemployment benefits plan or the multi-employer pension plan obligations in which it participates and acquired in excess of those currently contemplated; and ability to secure insurance coverage and cost of premiums. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive.

Any of the above mentioned risks and uncertainties could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking information and statements included in this MD&A. For a further description of certain risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different, see the risks and uncertainties set out in the "Risks and Risk Management" and "Outlook" sections of Toromont's most recent annual Management Discussion and Analysis, as filed with Canadian securities regulators at <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a> or at our website <a href="www.toromont.com">www.toromont.com</a>. Other factors, risks and uncertainties not presently known to Toromont or that Toromont currently believes are not material could also cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by statements containing forward-looking information.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on statements containing forward-looking information, which reflect Toromont's expectations only as of the date of this MD&A, and not to use such information for anything other than their intended purpose. Toromont disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

# **CONSOLIDATED OPERATING RESULTS**

	Three months ended September 30							Nine months ended September 30						
(\$ thousands, except per share amounts)		2020		2019	9	change	% change		2020	2019	)	\$	change	% change
REVENUES	\$	921,656	\$	975,221	\$	(53,565)	(5%)	\$	2,486,712	\$2,653,515	5		(166,803)	(6%)
Cost of goods sold		695,043		731,842		(36,799)	(5%)		1,895,454	2,002,567	7		(107,113)	(5%)
Gross profit (1)		226,613		243,379		(16,766)	(7%)		591,258	650,948	3		(59,690)	(9%)
Selling and administrative expenses		113,736		128,894		(15, 158)	(12%)		346,006	366,652	2		(20,646)	(6%)
OPERATING INCOME (1)		112,877		114,485		(1,608)	(1%)		245,252	284,296	3		(39,044)	(14%)
Interest expense		7,874		6,944		930	13%		22,695	20,851	l		1,844	9%
Interest and investment income		(1,719)		(1,805)		86	(5%)		(6,008)	(6,585	5)		577	(9%)
Income before income taxes		106,722		109,346		(2,624)	(2%)		228,565	270,030	)		(41,465)	(15%)
Income taxes		29,363		29,659		(296)	(1%)		62,600	73,684	ļ_		(11,084)	(15%)
NET EARNINGS		77,359		79,687		(2,328)	(3%)		165,965	196,346	;		(30,381)	(15%)
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$	0.94	\$	0.98	\$	(0.04)	(4%)	\$	2.02	\$ 2.41	<u> </u>	\$	(0.39)	(16%)
KEY RATIOS:														
Gross profit margin (1)		24.6%		25.0%					23.8%	24.59	%			
Selling and administrative expenses as a % of revenues		12.3%		13.2%					13.9%	13.89	%			
Operating income margin (1)		12.2%		11.7%					9.9%	10.79	%			
Income taxes as a % of income before income taxes		27.5%		27.1%					27.4%	27.39	%			

<sup>(1)</sup> Described in the sections titled "Additional GAAP Measures and Non-GAAP Measures".

Results for the third quarter and year-to-date reflect reduced economic activity as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. While market activity was somewhat improved from the second quarter of 2020, with certain restrictions easing, it was still below last year's levels. Cost containment initiatives have served to lessen the impact of the lower revenues.

Revenues decreased 5% in the quarter and 6% year-to-date on lower sales activity in both the Equipment Group and CIMCO. Equipment and package sales, rentals and product support activity were all lower for the quarter and year-to-date.

Gross profit margin decreased 40 basis points ("bps") to 24.6% in the quarter and 70 bps year-to-date to 23.8%. The Equipment Group reported lower margins in the quarter and year-to-date. Lower utilization of the rental fleets against straight-line depreciation dampened margins. CIMCO's margins were higher in the quarter and year-to-date.

The Government of Canada introduced the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") in April 2020 to facilitate the economic recovery as containment measures are gradually lifted. The program provides a subsidy subject to certain criteria, including demonstration of revenue declines. The qualification and application of the CEWS is assessed over application periods as defined by the program. The criteria was revised in July 2020, which resulted in recognition of \$7.3 million subsidy in the third quarter versus \$0.8 million in the second quarter of 2020. The Company has or will apply for each period for which it qualifies. The Company recognized CEWS as a reduction of selling and administrative expenses.

Selling and administrative expenses were \$15.2 million (12%) lower in the third quarter compared to the prior year. Compensation costs decreased \$8.9 million including senior leadership and Board wage reductions, governmental work-share and subsidy programs, temporary lay-offs, and reduced profit sharing accruals on the lower earnings, partially offset by an unfavourable mark-to-market adjustment (\$3.5 million) on Deferred Share Units ("DSUs"). Allowance for doubtful accounts decreased \$2.2 million due to improved aging on good collection activity relative to the third quarter of 2019. Sales-related and other travel and training expenses were \$5.8 million lower in light of lower market activity and travel restrictions, while information technology expenses were \$1.5 million higher as systems integration work continued at the dealership.

Selling and administrative expenses were \$20.6 million (6%) lower through the first nine months of 2020. Compensation costs decreased \$10.6 million on similar reasons as noted above, with the exception of DSU mark-to-market adjustments, which resulted in a favourable change in expenses year-to-date. Allowance for doubtful accounts increased \$0.9 million on a general increase in aging relative to the comparable period in 2019. Sales-related and other travel and training expenses were \$10.6 million lower in light of lower market activity and travel restrictions. Selling and administrative expenses also include a \$4.1 million gain on sale of a property in 2020, while year-to-date 2019 included a \$5.0 million pension gain.

Operating income decreased \$1.6 million or 1% in the quarter to \$112.9 million and \$39.0 million or 14% to \$245.3 million year-to-date reflecting lower revenues and gross margins.

Interest expense increased \$0.9 million in the quarter and \$1.8 million year-to-date on the higher debt levels.

Interest income decreased \$0.1 million in the quarter and \$0.6 million year-to-date. Lower interest income was earned on equipment on rent with a purchase option ("RPO") in both the quarter and year-to-date. Interest earned on cash balances was relatively unchanged for the quarter but higher on a year-to-date basis.

The effective income tax rate was 27.5% in the quarter and 27.4% year-to-date. The lower year-to-date rate reflects the gain on sale of property in the first quarter of 2020, which is taxed at a lower rate.

Net earnings decreased \$2.3 million or 3% to \$77.4 million in the quarter versus 2019 and \$30.4 million or 15% to \$166.0 million year-to-date. Basic earnings per share ("EPS") decreased 4% to \$0.94 for the quarter and 16% to \$2.02 year-to-date.

Comprehensive income was \$84.4 million in the quarter (2019 - \$90.4 million) and \$156.3 million year-to-date (2019 - \$166.4 million). Other comprehensive income included an actuarial gain on post-employment benefit plans of \$6.7 million after tax for the quarter (2019 - actuarial gain of \$8.0 million) and year-to-date actuarial loss of \$12.5 million (2019 - actuarial loss of \$26.0 million). The actuarial loss reflects a lower weighted-average discount rate (2.8% at September 30, 2020 versus 3.1% at December 31, 2019 and 3.0% at September 30, 2019) as well as changes in the fair value of pension plan assets, both of which are reflective of underlying financial markets. Other comprehensive income also included a favorable net change in the fair value of cash flow hedges of \$0.6 million after-tax for the quarter (2019 - favourable net change of \$2.5 million) and year-to-date a favorable net change of \$2.6 million after-tax (2019 - unfavourable net change of \$3.7 million). These changes reflect mark-to-market differences in value of foreign exchange derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges and are largely a function of the underlying USD/CAD exchange rates at period end compared to contract date.

# **BUSINESS SEGMENT OPERATING RESULTS**

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those of the consolidated entity. Management evaluates overall business segment performance based on revenue growth, operating income relative to revenues and return on capital employed. Corporate expenses are allocated based on each segment's revenue. Interest expense and interest and investment income are not allocated.

# **Equipment Group**

	Three months ended September 30 Nine months ended							d September 30					
(\$ thousands)		2020		2019	9	\$ change	% change	2020		2019	9	change	% change
Equipment sales and rentals													
New	\$	279,418	\$	332,191	\$	(52,773)	(16%)	\$ 752,996	\$ 8	831,986	\$	(78,990)	(9%)
Used		104,346		76,238		28,108	37%	269,900	:	228,950		40,950	18%
Rentals		104,541		117,763		(13,222)	(11%)	257,818	;	304,089		(46,271)	(15%)
Total equipment sales and rentals		488,305		526,192		(37,887)	(7%)	1,280,714	1,3	365,025		(84,311)	(6%)
Product support		343,657		352,718		(9,061)	(3%)	980,325	1,0	038,097		(57,772)	(6%)
Power generation		2,754		2,577		177	7%	8,156		7,697		459	6%
Total revenues	\$	834,716	\$	881,487	\$	(46,771)	(5%)	\$ 2,269,195	\$2,4	410,819	\$	(141,624)	(6%)
Operating income	\$	103,404	\$	104,221	\$	(817)	(1%)	\$ 230,977	\$ 2	266,348	\$	(35,371)	(13%)
KEY RATIOS:													
Product support revenues as a % of total revenues		41.2%		40.0%				43.2%		43.1%			
Operating income margin		12.4%		11.8%				10.2%		11.0%			
Group total revenues as a % of consolidated revenues		90.6%		90.4%				91.3%		90.9%			

The Equipment Group's results for the third quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2020, reflect the significant downturn in economic activity as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. While there has been some recovery from the second quarter as restrictions were eased, activity continued to be lower than prior year. Cost containment strategies continued to be employed, including human resource initiatives and reduced travel and discretionary spending.

Total equipment sales (new and used) decreased \$24.7 million or 6% in the quarter and \$38.0 million or 4% year-to-date. Construction sales were down 10% in the quarter and down 3% year-to-date. Sales into mining markets were down 16% in the quarter and 25% year-to-date across most regions. Power system sales were up 36% in the quarter and 12% year-to-date, reflecting progress on prime power projects. Material handling sales were down 17% in the quarter (5% year-to-date) on lower general economic activity. Sales into agricultural markets were up 7% and relatively unchanged on a year-to-date basis.

Rental revenues were down \$13.2 million (11%) in the quarter and \$46.3 million (15%) year-to-date. Most markets and segments were lower reflecting the reduction in market activity. Revenue declines in each market for the quarter (and for the year-to-date) were as follows: light equipment rentals 7% (10%), Power 31% (28%), and Material Handling 16% (17%). Heavy rental in the construction market increased 10% in the quarter (down 11% year-to-date). Rental revenues from equipment on rent with a purchase option ("RPO") were down 43% in the quarter and 34% year-to-date reflecting the lower fleet on market demand. At September 30, 2020, the RPO fleet was \$42.4 million versus \$96.2 million at this time last year and \$43.0 million at June 30, 2020.

Product support revenues declined \$9.0 million or 3% in the quarter and \$57.8 million or 6% year-to-date. Some recovery was noted in market activity in the third quarter compared to the second quarter as pandemic restrictions eased. Construction markets were 1% lower in the quarter, while resource markets increased 1% compared to the prior year. On a year-to-date basis revenues were down 5% and 3% respectively. Power systems product support activity was down in the third quarter (10%) and year-to-date (2%) while material handling activity was lower in both the quarter and year-to-date by 15%. Agricultural markets reported increases in the quarter and year-to-date, up 19% and 13% respectively, reflective of stronger market activity as well as weaker comparative results in 2019.

Gross profit margins decreased 50 bps in the quarter as lower product support activity levels dampened margins (down 70 bps) partially offset by improved sales mix (up 20 bps) with a larger proportion of product support revenues to total. For the first nine months of 2020, gross margins decreased 90 bps

reflecting challenging markets in the second quarter of the year. On a year-to-date basis, equipment margins were down 30 bps mainly due to sales mix and rental margins were down 50 bps reflecting the lower fleet utilization.

Selling and administrative expenses were down \$14.8 million or 13% in the quarter. Governmental subsidies under the CEWS program reduced expenses by \$6.5 million. Compensation costs also decreased on other human resource initiatives such as vacation planning, selected salary reductions, use of work-share programs and lay-offs, coupled with lower profit sharing accruals on the lower earnings. Travel and training was restricted through much of the quarter, resulting in additional cost savings. Allowance for doubtful accounts decreased \$2.3 million on good collection efforts in the quarter. Information technology related costs increased \$1.1 million in the quarter reflecting system enhancements and support for integration efforts at the dealership. As a percentage of revenues, selling and administrative expenses decreased 100 bps to 12.1% for the quarter.

Selling and administrative expenses were down \$20.9 million or 6% year-to-date. Compensation costs were lower on similar factors as noted above, with governmental subsidies under the CEWS totalling \$7.3 million. Allowance for doubtful accounts increased \$0.7 million year-to-date in consideration of potential increased collection risk in the current economic environment. Information technology related costs increased \$2.1 million year-to-date as system integration efforts at the dealership continued. Expenses on a year-to-date basis in 2020 included a \$4.1 million gain on the sale of a property while year-to-date 2019 included a \$5.0 million gain on a pension plan curtailment. As a percentage of revenues, selling and administrative expenses decreased 10 bps to 13.6% for the year-to-date.

Operating income decreased in both the quarter (down 1%) to \$103.4 million and year-to-date (down 13%) to \$231.0 million reflecting the lower activity levels, partially offset lower expenses.

# **Bookings and Backlogs**

(\$ millions)	2020	2019	\$ change	% change
Bookings - three months ended September 30	\$ 371.1	\$ 332.6	\$ 38.5	12%
Bookings - nine months ended September 30	\$ 1,006.7	\$ 1,053.2	\$ (46.5)	(4%)
Backlogs - as at September 30	\$ 256.1	\$ 325.3	\$ (69.2)	(21%)

Bookings were up \$38.5 million or 12% in the quarter to \$371.1 million. Higher orders resulted across most segments reflecting improvements in underlying economic activity: construction (up 9%), power systems (up 20%), material handling (up 24%), and agricultural (up 57%), slightly offset by mining (down 4%).

On a year-to-date basis, bookings were down \$46.5 million or 4% to \$1,006.7 million, as higher power, material handling and agricultural orders were more than offset by decreases in construction and mining.

Backlogs of \$256.1 million were down \$69.2 million or 21% from this time last year. At September 30, 2020, the total backlog related to construction (40%), power systems (44%), mining (7%), agriculture (2%) and material handling (7%). Backlog levels can vary based on the nature and timing of orders, inventory levels and supplier delivery schedules. Approximately 70% of the backlog is expected to be delivered over the remainder of this year.

#### CIMCO

	Three r	months ended September 30					Nine months ended September 30					
(\$ thousands)	2020		2019	\$	change	% change	2020	2019	\$	change	% change	
Package sales	\$ 48,490	\$	50,785	\$	(2,295)	(5%)	\$107,210	\$127,194	\$	(19,984)	(16%)	
Product support	38,450		42,949		(4,499)	(10%)	110,307	115,502		(5,195)	(4%)	
Total revenues	\$ 86,940	\$	93,734	\$	(6,794)	(7%)	\$217,517	\$242,696	\$	(25,179)	(10%)	
Operating income	\$ 9,473	\$	10,264	\$	(791)	(8%)	\$ 14,275	\$ 17,948	\$	(3,673)	(20%)	
KEY RATIOS: Product support revenues as a % of total revenues Operating income margin	44.2% 10.9%		45.8% 10.9%				50.7% 6.6%	7.4%				
Group total revenues as a % of consolidated revenues	9.4%		9.6%				8.7%	9.1%				

CIMCO's results for the third quarter and nine months ended September 20, 2020 were lower than the prior year on reduced construction activity stemming in part from construction site restrictions and closures related to the pandemic. Timing of receipt of orders and customer specific construction schedules also affect timing of revenue recognition. Product support activity continued given the essential nature of the business, albeit at lower levels.

Package sales were down \$2.3 million or 5% in the quarter. In Canada revenues remained relatively flat during the quarter, as an increase in industrial revenues (up 40%) was offset by a decrease in recreational revenues (down 39%). In the US, package sales decreased 21% on weaker recreational activity. Year-to-date, package sales were \$20.0 million or 16% lower than last year on a 19% decline in Canada, where both industrial and refrigeration revenues decreased on slower construction work. In the US, package sales increased \$0.4 million or 2%.

Product support revenues decreased \$4.5 million or 10% for the third quarter and \$5.2 million or 4% for the first nine months of the year. Revenues in Canada decreased 8% in the quarter and 6% year-to-date on lower economic activity resulting mainly from COVID-19 related restrictions. In the US, lower economic activity led to a 17% decrease in the quarter. Year-to-date product support revenues in the US were 1% higher than prior year on a strong first half of 2020.

Gross profit margins increased 60 bps in the quarter and 110 bps in the year-to-date. Package margins increased on improved project execution.

Selling and administrative expenses were down \$0.3 million or 3% in the quarter. Governmental subsidies under the CEWS program reduced expenses by \$0.8 million. Hiring has increased to support the substantial backlog of orders. Other expenses including travel and training were lower. On a year-to-date basis, selling and administrative expenses increased \$0.3 million or 1% largely on higher compensation related to increased headcount, offset by cost reductions in other areas related to reduced activity and the wage subsidy. As a percentage of revenues, selling and administrative expenses were higher at 17.0% in the first nine months of 2020 versus 15.2% for the similar period last year, reflecting lower revenues.

Operating income decreased \$0.8 million or 8% in the quarter and \$3.7 million or 20% year-to-date largely reflecting the lower revenues.

# **Bookings and Backlogs**

(\$ millions)	2020	2019	\$ change	% change
Bookings - three months ended September 30	\$ 39.6	\$ 34.4	\$ 5.2	15%
Bookings - nine months ended September 30	\$ 203.7	\$ 149.2	\$ 54.5	37%
Backlogs - as at September 30	\$ 216.0	\$ 128.6	\$ 87.4	68%

Bookings were up \$5.2 million or 15% compared to 2019 to \$39.6 million in the quarter. Industrial orders were 28% higher reflecting strong activity in the US (up 369%). Overall recreational orders were down 16%, with lower orders in Canada (down 54%) being partially offset by an increase in the US (up 118%).

On a year-to-date basis, bookings were up \$54.5 million or 37% to \$203.7 million. Industrial orders were up 89% with increases in both Canada (up 90%) and in the US (up 79%). Recreational orders decreased 26% to \$50.5 million with decreases in both the US (down 29%) and Canada (down 25%).

Backlogs of \$216 million were up \$87.4 million or 68% versus September last year. Industrial backlogs were 112% higher on activity in Canada, while recreational backlogs were 13% higher in both Canada and the US. Approximately 35% of the backlog is expected to be realized as revenue this year, however this is subject to construction schedules and potential changes stemming from the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL CONDITION**

The Company maintained a strong financial position. At September 30, 2020, the ratio of net debt to total capitalization was 10%, compared to 15% at December 31, 2019, and 22% at September 30, 2019. Cash on hand at September 30, 2020 was \$471 million.

# **Non-cash Working Capital**

The Company's investment in non-cash working capital was \$533.6 million at September 30, 2020. The major components, along with the changes from September 30 and December 31, 2019, are identified in the following table.

	Se	otember 30	Se	ptember 30	Change			December 31			Change	
(\$ thousands)		2020		2019		\$	%	-	2019		\$	%
Accounts receivable	\$	512,472	\$	513,927	\$	(1,455)	-	\$	525,052	\$	(12,580)	(2%)
Inventories		849,230		1,069,758		(220,528)	(21%)		912,186		(62,956)	(7%)
Other current assets		14,321		13,336		985	7%		12,063		2,258	19%
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(674,532)		(911,548)		237,016	(26%)		(797,807)		123,275	(15%)
Provisions		(25,710)		(22,543)		(3,167)	14%		(23,680)		(2,030)	9%
Income taxes receivable		31,413		(7,841)		39,254	(501%)		9,275		22,138	239%
Derivative financial instruments		(6,283)		(925)		(5,358)	579%		(10,366)		4,083	(39%)
Dividends payable		(25,510)		(22,045)		(3,465)	16%		(22, 139)		(3,371)	15%
Deferred revenues and contract liabilities		(141,761)		(155,791)		14,030	(9%)		(140,898)		(863)	1%
Total non-cash working capital	\$	533,640	\$	476,328	\$	57,312	12%	\$	463,686	\$	69,954	15%

Accounts receivable remained relatively unchanged compared to September 30, 2019. Days sales outstanding ("DSO") decreased 2 days to 46 days on improvements in the Equipment Group (down 2 days) offset up an increase in CIMCO (up 6 days) off a smaller base.

Compared to December 31, 2019, accounts receivable decreased 2%, reflecting lower trailing revenues and a focus on collection activity. DSO was 46 days at December 31, 2019.

Inventories at September 30, 2020 were 21% lower compared to September 30, 2019:

- Equipment Group inventories were down \$228.0 million or 22% across all categories, equipment (down \$192.1 million or 28%), parts (down \$8.4 million or 3%) and service work-in-process (down \$27.5 million or 30%). Equipment inventory was intentionally reduced through the latter half of 2019 from the previous high levels. Service work-in-process levels reflect lower activity levels.
- CIMCO inventories were up \$7.5 million or 31%, predominantly driven by higher work-in-process (up 36%) based on good orders in process and timing of project construction schedules.

Inventories at September 30, 2020 were 7% lower compared to December 31, 2019, with a decrease in the Equipment Group, partially offset by an increase in CIMCO:

- Equipment Group inventories were 8% lower with a decrease in equipment (down 13%) for similar reasons as the quarter, offset by a slight increase in service work-in-process (up 2%), while parts remained relatively unchanged. Inventory levels and order activity has been modified in light of current demand and lower activity.
- CIMCO inventories were up 43% on higher work-in-process (up 51%) on good order backlog, slightly offset by a 7% reduction in parts.

Other current assets can vary period-over-period and mainly relates to prepaid expenses.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at September 30, 2020, were 26% lower than as at September 30, 2019, principally due to the timing of purchases and payments for inventory and other supplies. The extended credit terms from suppliers are unwinding as expected, thus transitioning accounts payable to more normal levels. The DSU liability increased during the quarter versus prior period on the higher relative closing share price. In comparison to December 31, 2019, accounts payable and accrued liabilities were down 15%, for similar reasons, along with the payout of annual performance incentive bonuses.

Income taxes receivable reflects the difference between tax installments and current tax expense. Temporary tax relief programs introduced by the Federal and Provincial Governments in Canada in response to COVID-19, allowed the deferral of tax payments until September 30, 2020. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company has fully paid on schedule all deferred payments on taxes, amounting to \$48.0 million, representing monthly installments for the April to September 2020 period.

Derivative financial instruments represent the fair value of foreign exchange contracts. Fluctuations in the value of the Canadian dollar (weaker) led to a cumulative net loss of \$6.3 million as at September 30, 2020. This is not expected to affect net earnings as the unrealized losses will offset future gains on the related hedged items.

Dividends payable increased compared to September 30 and December 31, 2019, reflecting the higher dividend rate. The quarterly dividend rate was increased 14.8% from \$0.27 per share to \$0.31 per share, effective with the April 2, 2020 payment.

Deferred revenues and contract liabilities represent billings to customers in excess of revenue recognized.

- In the Equipment Group, these arise due to progress billings from the sale of power and energy systems; long-term product support maintenance contracts; sales of equipment with residual value guarantees; and, customer deposits for machinery to be delivered in the future. These balances were lower in 2020 generally on lower economic activity levels.
- At CIMCO, these arise on progress billings from the sale of refrigeration packages. At September 30, 2020, these were up 49% versus September 30, 2019 and up 56% versus December 31, 2019, reflecting the higher activity levels seen in Canada and the US, and timing of billings compared to customer's construction schedules.

# **Legal and Other Contingencies**

Due to the size, complexity and nature of the Company's operations, various legal matters are pending. Exposure to these claims is mitigated through levels of insurance coverage considered appropriate by management and by active management of these matters. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

# **Outstanding Share Data**

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had 82,313,138 common shares and 2,491,658 share options outstanding.

#### **Dividends**

The Company declared and paid the following dividends to common shareholders during the last eight quarters.

Record Date	Payment Date	Dividend Amount per Share	Dividends Paid in Total (\$ millions)
December 7, 2018	January 3, 2019	\$0.23	\$18.7
March 8, 2019	April 3, 2019	\$0.27	\$22.0
June 7, 2019	July 3, 2019	\$0.27	\$22.0
September 6, 2019	October 2, 2019	\$0.27	\$22.0
December 9, 2019	January 3, 2020	\$0.27	\$22.0
March 9, 2020	April 2, 2020	\$0.31	\$25.4
June 9, 2020	July 3, 2020	\$0.31	\$25.4
September 8, 2020	October 2, 2020	\$0.31	\$25.5

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

# **Sources of Liquidity**

Toromont's liquidity requirements can be met through a variety of sources, including cash generated from operations, long and short-term borrowings and the issuance of common shares. Borrowings are obtained through a variety of senior debentures, notes payable and committed long-term credit facilities.

Toromont's debt portfolio is unsecured, unsubordinated and ranks pari passu.

The Company maintains a \$500.0 million revolving credit facility, maturing in October 2022. No amounts were drawn down on the facility at September 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 or September 30, 2019. Standby letters of credit utilized \$35.7 million of the facility at September 30, 2020, \$33.1 million at December 31, 2019 and \$30.2 million at September 30, 2019.

On April 17, 2020, Toromont arranged a \$250 million one-year syndicated facility, on substantially similar terms to the existing revolving credit facility, to provide additional liquidity given the current economic environment. This facility was undrawn at September 30, 2020.

The Company expects that continued cash flows from operations in 2020, together with cash on hand and currently available credit facilities will be more than sufficient to fund requirements for investments in working capital and capital assets. The Company also has a certain degree of flexibility in its operating and investing plans to mitigate fluctuations.

# **Principal Components of Cash Flow**

Cash from operating, investing and financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, are summarized in the following table:

	Thre	e months en	ded S	September 30	Nine months ended September					
(\$ thousands)		2020		2019		2020		2019		
Cash, beginning of period	\$	537,175	\$	154,452	\$	365,589	\$	345,434		
Cash, provided by (used in):										
Operating activities										
Operations		124,757		112,454		306,272		297,563		
Change in non-cash working capital and other		(61,044)		11,827		(70,010)		(182,391)		
Net rental fleet additions		(5,375)		(28,724)		(35,348)		(135,363)		
		58,338		95,557		200,914		(20,191)		
Investing activities		(6,333)		(7,973)		(25,877)		(44,725)		
Financing activities		(118,072)		(16,428)		(69,716)		(54,710)		
Effect of foreign exchange on cash balances		(86)		109		112		(91)		
				_				_		
(Decrease) increase in cash in the period		(66,153)		71,265		105,433		(119,717)		
Cash, end of period	\$	471,022	\$	225,717	\$	471,022	\$	225,717		

# **Cash Flows from Operating Activities**

Operating activities provided cash in both the third quarter and on a year-to-date basis versus similar periods last year.

Cash generated from operations increased as lower net earnings were more than offset by adjustments in non-cash items included in net earnings, primarily deferred income taxes.

Non-cash working capital used cash in the third quarter of 2020 versus a generation of cash last year, mainly as a result of higher accounts receivable (higher trailing revenues), lower accounts payable and accrued liabilities (unwinding of extended payment terms from supplier), and income taxes payable (timing of income tax instalments) only partially offset by lower inventories (reduced reflective of current

activity levels).

On a year-to-date basis non-cash working capital used less cash in 2020 as compared to the comparative nine-month period of 2019, as lower inventories and accounts receivable, were offset by larger reductions in accounts payable reflecting timing of payment of supplier invoices and reduced deferred revenues and contract liabilities.

Net rental fleet additions (purchases less proceeds of dispositions) were lower in both the third quarter and first nine months of 2020 compared to the similar periods last year. The Company has reduced the level of new investments in the light equipment rental fleet portfolio across Eastern Canada due to current market conditions as well as in recognition of the time required to absorb recent investments to full utilization.

The components and changes in non-cash working capital are discussed in more detail in this MD&A under the heading "Consolidated Financial Condition".

# **Cash Flows from Investing Activities**

The Company invested \$6.6 million in property, plant and equipment in the third quarter of 2020, to support and expand branch facilities and service fleet of vehicles.

On a year-to-date basis, additions to property, plant and equipment totalled \$36.0 million. During the first quarter of 2020, a property previously identified as available for sale was disposed of for \$9.4 million, resulting in a capital gain of \$4.1 million (\$3.5 million after-tax).

# **Cash Flows from Financing Activities**

The Company used \$118.1 million in cash in the third quarter of 2020 for financing activities, including repayment of \$100.0 million drawn on a term credit facility in the first quarter of the year. Other significant uses and sources of cash included:

- Dividends paid to common shareholders of \$25.5 million or \$0.31 per share (2019 \$22.0 million or \$0.27 per share);
- Cash received on exercise of share options of \$9.1 million (2019 \$8.1 million); and
- Lease liability payments of \$1.7 million versus \$2.6 million for the comparable period last year.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, financing activities used \$69.7 million in cash, significant uses and sources of cash comprised of:

- Dividends paid to common shareholders of \$73.0 million or \$0.89 per share (2019 \$62.7 million or \$0.77 per share);
- Repurchase of 67,800 common shares under the NCIB program for \$4.0 million (see note 4 to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements for further details);
- Cash received on exercise of share options of \$15.5 million (2019 \$16.5 million); and
- Lease liability payments of \$7.8 million versus \$7.5 last year.

# OUTLOOK

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-isolation and guarantine periods, social distancing, and business operating restrictions and closures

have affected economies and financial markets around the world resulting in an economic slowdown. This outbreak may also cause staff shortages, affect customer demand and supply chains, impact capital resources, as well as increase government regulations or intervention, all of which may negatively impact the business, financial results and conditions of the Company. Toromont's businesses were and are characterized as essential in all circumstances requiring such a designation to date and supports operations. Emergency measures are variable and evolving based on local conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time and it is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments nor the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company in future periods.

The Equipment Group's parts and service business provides stability along with a large and diversified installed base of equipment, so long as it is working in the field. Prior to the outbreak, the long-term outlook for infrastructure projects and other construction activity was positive across most territories. The Company has a large base of mining customers which in some cases saw reduced operating activities as a result of the COVID-19 implications. These customers and jurisdictions they operate in continue to evaluate appropriate activity levels on a regular basis. Longer term, mine expansion is still possible depending on global economic and financial conditions.

Human capital, including our technician workforce, is one of our most valuable assets and we will protect that asset to the extent possible. Workforce planning initiatives undertaken to support our team through this time and included voluntary compensation reductions by the executive team and the Board of Directors; wage increase freezes in some cases; advancement of vacation schedules; use of governmental programs such as work share and CEWS subsidies; and, selective temporary layoffs.

We continue to move forward with our investment in information technology, aligning our dealership under one operating system as well as facilitating and securing remote access to our networks. Actions are being balanced between short-term adjustments relative to demand, while also being sensitive to long-term requirements ensuring the business is positioned well to meet increased client requirements.

Broader product lines, investment in rental equipment and developing product support technologies supporting remote diagnostics and telematics are expected to contribute to longer-term growth once economic, financial and social environments return to a more normalized state.

CIMCO's installed base and product support levels should underpin current and future operations and growth trends. CIMCO has a wide product offering using natural refrigerants including innovative CO<sub>2</sub> solutions, which remains a differentiator in recreational markets. In industrial markets, CIMCO's proven track record and strong geographical coverage provides growth opportunities. Strong order backlog supports the business through this turbulent period.

The diversity of the markets served, expanding product offering and services, strong financial position and disciplined operating culture position the Company well for continued positive results in the long term.

# **QUARTERLY RESULTS**

The following table summarizes unaudited quarterly consolidated financial data for the eight most recently completed quarters. This quarterly information is unaudited but has been prepared on the same basis as the 2019 annual audited consolidated financial statements.

(\$ thousands, except per share amounts)	Q4 2019	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020
REVENUES				
Equipment Group	\$ 933,131	\$ 657,776	\$ 776,703	\$ 834,716
CIMCO	92,059	57,683	72,894	86,940
Total revenues	\$ 1,025,190	\$ 715,459	\$ 849,597	\$ 921,656
NET EARNINGS	\$ 90,454	\$ 37,396	\$ 51,210	\$ 77,359
PER SHARE INFORMATION:				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.10	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.94
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.10	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.94
Dividends paid per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.31
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic (in thousands)	81,897	82,015	82,024	82,195
(\$ thousands, except per share amounts)	Q4 2018	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019
REVENUES				
Equipment Group	\$ 873,868	\$ 633,875	\$ 895,457	\$ 881,487
CIMCO	92,179	66,099	82,863	93,734
Total revenues	\$ 966,047	\$ 699,974	\$ 978,320	\$ 975,221
NET EARNINGS	\$ 84,898	\$ 39,261	\$ 77,398	\$ 79,687
PER SHARE INFORMATION:				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.04	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.95	\$ 0.98
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.03	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.97
Dividends paid per share	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic (in thousands)	81,427	81,326	81,510	81,622

Interim period revenues and earnings historically reflect variability from quarter to quarter due to seasonality.

The Equipment Group has historically had a distinct seasonal trend in activity levels. Lower revenues are recorded during the first quarter due to winter shutdowns in the construction industry. The fourth quarter had typically been the strongest due in part to the timing of customers' capital investment decisions, delivery of equipment from suppliers for customer-specific orders and conversions of equipment on rent with a purchase option. This pattern is impacted by the timing of significant sales to mining and other customers, resulting from the timing of mine site development and access, and construction project schedules.

CIMCO has also had a distinct seasonal trend in results historically, due to timing of construction activity. Lower revenues are recorded during the first quarter on slower construction schedules due to winter weather. Revenues increase in subsequent quarters as construction schedules ramp up. This trend can be, and has been, impacted somewhat by significant governmental funding initiatives and significant industrial projects.

Historically, inventories have increased through the year to meet the expected demand for higher deliveries in the third and fourth quarters of the fiscal year. This seasonal sales trend also leads accounts receivable to be at their highest level at year end.

The outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-isolation and quarantine periods, and social distancing, have affected economies and financial markets around the world resulting in an economic slowdown. This outbreak may also cause staff shortages, affect customer demand and supply chains, impact capital resources, as well as increase government regulations or intervention, among other things, all of which may negatively impact the business, financial results and conditions of the Company and alter the typical seasonal trend.

#### RISKS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The significant risks and uncertainties affecting the Company and its business are discussed in the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2019 under "Risks and Risk Management".

# Coronavirus (COVID-19)

The outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to contain the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods, self-isolation, physical and social distancing and the closure of non-essential businesses, have caused significant disruption to businesses in Canada and globally, resulting in an uncertain and challenging economic environment.

Global debt and equity capital markets have experienced significant volatility. Governments and central banks have reacted with considerable monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions.

As an emerging risk, the duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. Any estimate of the length and severity of these developments is therefore subject to significant uncertainty, and accordingly estimates of the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may, directly or indirectly, materially and adversely affect the Company's operations, financial results and condition in future periods are also subject to significant uncertainty.

The risks and uncertainties disclosed in our December 31, 2019 MD&A could be particularly exacerbated by extraordinary externalities such as the COVID-19 pandemic and the recent commodity price challenges, including, risks described under "Business Cycle", "Product and Supply", "Credit Risk", "Foreign Exchange", "Interest Rate", Financing Arrangements" and "Environmental Regulation". Such risks include, but are not limited to:

- a) uncertainty associated with the costs and ability of resources, including technicians, required to provide the appropriate/required levels of service to our customers on site;
- b) a material reduction in demand for, or profitability of, our products or services;
- c) an increase in accounts receivable delinquencies from financial hardship for our customers;
- d) issues delivering the Company's products and services due to illness, Company or government imposed isolation programs, restrictions on the movement of personnel and supply chain disruptions;

- e) the impact of additional legislation, regulation and other government interventions in response to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- f) the negative impact on global debt and equity capital markets, including the trading price of the Company's securities; and
- g) the ability to access capital markets at a reasonable cost.

Any of these risks, and others, could have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, capital resources and/or financial results of operations.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, management has directed significant focus towards ensuring the ongoing safety of our employees, continuing to serve our customers' needs as an essential service, and protecting the business and organization for the long-term. A Critical Incident Executive Response Team was activated at an early stage and continues to assess developments and respond appropriately, including limiting business travel, enabling work from home where practical, enforcing social distancing practices, mask wearing and sanitation protocols in all areas. Steps have also been taken to ensure that information technology, including remote access, is secure. The Company is regularly updating employees to provide information on the situation and on necessary precautions to take. We continue to have an open dialogue with public safety and government officials at all levels, as well as key suppliers, partners, and customers.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

# Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the Company's 2019 audited annual consolidated financial statements, and described in note 1 therein, except as noted below. Several amendments, apply for the first time in 2020, but do not have an impact on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and nine month periods ending September 30, 2020.

#### **Government Grants**

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all conditions associated with the grant are met. Claims under income-related government grants are reported in the consolidated income statements as a deduction from the related expenses. Government grants receivable are recorded in accounts receivable on the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires estimates and assumptions that affect the results of operations and financial position. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty and are based upon historical experience, trends in the industry and information available from outside sources. Management reviews its estimates on an ongoing basis. Different accounting policies, or changes to estimates or assumptions could potentially have a material impact, positive or negative, on Toromont's financial position and results of operations. There have been no material changes to the critical accounting estimates as described in Note 2 to the Company's 2019 audited annual consolidated financial statements, contained in the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

# **CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

# Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, under the supervision of the President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, and have designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or have caused it to be designed under their supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information with respect to Toromont is made known to them.

The CEO and the CFO, together with other members of management, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures.

Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as at September 30, 2020.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management, under the supervision of the CEO and CFO, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined by National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, and have designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused it to be designed under their supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

There have been no changes in the design of the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020, that would materially affect, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Due to its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. Also, a projection of the evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the financial statement preparation and presentation. Internal controls over financial reporting may not prevent all errors and fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met.

# **ADDITIONAL GAAP MEASURES**

IFRS mandates certain minimum line items for financial statements and also requires presentation of additional line items, headings and subtotals when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the Company's financial position or performance. IFRS also requires the notes to the financial statements to provide information that is not presented elsewhere in the financial statements, but is relevant to understanding them. Such measures outside of the minimum mandated line items are considered additional GAAP measures. The Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto include certain additional GAAP measures where management considers such information to be useful to the understanding of the Company's results.

#### Gross Profit

Gross Profit is defined as total revenues less cost of goods sold.

# Operating Income

Operating income is defined as net earnings before interest expense, interest and investment income and income taxes and is used by management to assess and evaluate the financial performance of its operating segments. Financing and related interest charges cannot be attributed to business segments on a meaningful basis that is comparable to other companies. Business segments do not correspond to income tax jurisdictions, and it is believed that the allocation of income taxes distorts the historical comparability of the performance of the business segments.

	Thre	e months en	ded S	September 30	N	September 30		
(\$ thousands)		2020		2019		2020		2019
Net earnings	\$	77,359	\$	79,687	\$	165,965	\$	196,346
plus: Interest expense		7,874		6,944		22,695		20,851
less: Interest and investment income		(1,719)		(1,805)		(6,008)		(6,585)
plus: Income taxes		29,363		29,659		62,600		73,684
Operating income	\$	112,877	\$	114,485	\$	245,252	\$	284,296
Total Revenues		921,656		975,221		2,486,712		2,653,515
Operating income margin		12.2%		11.7%		9.9%		10.7%

# Net Debt to Total Capitalization and Equity

Net debt to total capitalization and equity are calculated as net debt divided by total capitalization and shareholders' equity, respectively, as defined below, and are used by management as measures of the Company's financial leverage.

Net debt is calculated as long-term debt plus current portion of long-term debt less cash. Total capitalization is calculated as shareholders' equity plus net debt.

The calculations are as follows:

	S	eptember 30	December 31	September 30
(\$ thousands)		2020	2019	2019
Long-term debt	\$	645,981	\$ 645,471	\$ 645,238
less: Cash		471,022	365,589	225,717
Net debt		174,959	279,882	419,521
Shareholders' equity		1,629,508	1,533,891	1,449,078
Total capitalization	\$	1,804,467	\$ 1,813,773	\$ 1,868,599
Net debt to total capitalization		10%	15%	22%
Net debt to equity		0.11:1	0.18:1	0.29:1

# **NON-GAAP MEASURES**

Management believes that providing certain non-GAAP measures provides users of the Company's consolidated financial statements with important information regarding the operational performance and related trends of the Company's business. By considering these measures in combination with the comparable IFRS measures set out below, management believes that users are provided a better overall understanding of the Company's business and its financial performance during the relevant period than if they simply considered the IFRS measures alone.

The non-GAAP measures used by management do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered as a substitute or alternative for net income or cash flow, in each case as determined in accordance with IFRS.

# Working Capital

Working capital is defined as total current assets less total current liabilities. Management views working capital as a measure for assessing overall liquidity.

	S	eptember 30	December 31	September 30
_(\$ thousands)		2020	2019	2019
Total current assets	\$	1,879,026	\$ 1,824,254	\$ 1,822,738
less: Total current liabilities		874,364	994,979	1,120,693
Working capital	\$	1,004,662	\$ 829,275	\$ 702,045

# Non-Cash Working Capital

Non-cash working capital is defined as total current assets (excluding cash) less total current liabilities (excluding current portion of long-term debt).

	S	eptember 30	December 31	September 30
(\$ thousands)		2020	2019	2019
Total current assets	\$	1,879,026	\$ 1,824,254	\$ 1,822,738
less: Cash		471,022	365,589	225,717
		1,408,004	1,458,665	1,597,021
Total current liabilities		874,364	994,979	1,120,693
		874,364	994,979	1,120,693
Non-cash working capital	\$	533,640	\$ 463,686	\$ 476,328

# Market Capitalization & Total Enterprise Value

Market capitalization represents the total market value of the Company's equity. It is calculated by multiplying the market price of the Company's share by the total outstanding shares.

Total enterprise value represents the total value of the Company and is often used as a more comprehensive alternative to market capitalization. It is calculated by adding net debt (defined above) to market capitalization.

The calculations are as follows:

	September 30			December 31	September 30
(\$ thousands, except for shares and share price)		2020		2019	2019
Outstanding common shares		82,313,138		82,012,448	81,782,508
times: Ending share price	\$	79.68	\$	70.59	\$ 64.00
Market capitalization	\$	6,558,711	\$	5,789,259	\$ 5,234,081
					_
Long-term debt	\$	645,981	\$	645,471	\$ 645,238
less: Cash		471,022		365,589	225,717
Net debt	\$	174,959	\$	279,882	\$ 419,521
Total enterprise value	\$	6,733,670	\$	6,069,141	\$ 5,653,602

# **Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs")**

Management uses key performance indicators to consistently measure performance against the Company's priorities across the organization. The Company's KPIs include gross profit margin, operating margin, order bookings and backlogs, return on capital employed and return on equity. Although some of these KPIs are expressed as ratios, they are non-GAAP financial measures that do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and may not be comparable to similar measures used by other issuers.

# Gross Profit Margin

This measure is defined as gross profit (defined above) divided by total revenues.

# Operating Income Margin

This measure is defined as operating income (defined above) divided by total revenues.

# Order Bookings and Backlogs

The Company's order bookings represent equipment unit orders that management believes are firm. Backlogs are defined as the retail value of equipment unit ordered by customers for future deliveries. Management uses order backlog as a measure of projecting future equipment deliveries. There are no directly comparable IFRS measures for order bookings or backlog.

# Return on Capital Employed ("ROCE")

ROCE is utilized to assess both current operating performance and prospective investments. The trailing twelve months adjusted earnings numerator used for the calculation is income before income taxes, interest expense and interest income (excluding interest on rental conversions). The denominator in the calculation is the monthly average capital employed, which is defined as net debt plus shareholders' equity or total capitalization.

	Trailing twelve months ended									
		September 30		December 31		September 30				
(\$ thousands)		2020		2019		2019				
Net earnings	\$	256,419	\$	286,800	\$	281,245				
plus: Interest expense		29,551		27,707		27,401				
less: Interest and investment income		(9,175)		(9,752)		(9,074)				
plus: Interest income - rental conversions		3,278		4,283		3,993				
plus: Income taxes		96,656		107,740		106,353				
Adjusted net earnings	\$	376,729	\$	416,778	\$	409,917				
Average capital employed	\$	1,853,246	\$	1,823,420	\$	1,793,174				
Return on capital employed		20.3%		22.9%		22.9%				

# Return on Equity ("ROE")

ROE is monitored to assess the profitability of the consolidated Company and is calculated by dividing trailing twelve months net earnings by opening shareholders' equity (adjusted for shares issued and redeemed during the period).

	Trailing twelve months ended										
	S	September 30		December 31		September 30					
(\$ thousands)		2020		2019		2019					
Net earnings	\$	256,419	\$	286,800	\$	281,245					
Opening shareholders' equity (net of adjustments)	\$	1,459,397	\$	1,338,468	\$	1,281,574					
Return on equity	•	17.6%		21.4%	<u> </u>	21.9%					

# TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Unaudited)

		September 30		D	ecember 31	Se	ptember 30
(\$ thousands)	Note		2020		2019		2019
Assets							
Current assets							
Cash		\$	471,022	\$	365,589		225,717
Accounts receivable			512,472		525,052		513,927
Inventories			849,230		912,186		1,069,758
Income taxes recoverable			31,981		9,364		-
Other current assets			14,321		12,063		13,336
Total current assets			1,879,026		1,824,254		1,822,738
Property, plant and equipment	2		427,554		428,527		428,036
Rental equipment	2		559,010		592,403		616,117
Other assets			35,575		42,105		43,638
Deferred tax assets			1,246		1,217		1,516
Goodwill and intangible assets			480,246		482,831		483,701
Total assets		\$	3,382,657	\$	3,371,337	\$	3,395,746
Liabilities							
Current liabilities		_		_		_	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	700,042	\$	819,946	\$	933,593
Provisions			25,710		23,680		22,543
Deferred revenues and contract liabilities	_		141,761		140,898		155,791
Derivative financial instruments	5		6,283		10,366		925
Income taxes payable			568		89		7,841
Total current liabilities			874,364		994,979		1,120,693
Deferred revenues and contract liabilities			14,218		16,407		15,249
Long-term lease liabilities			17,336		21,734		25,524
Long-term debt	3, 5		645,981		645,471		645,238
Post-employment obligations	9		148,327		125,705		136,689
Deferred tax liabilities			52,923		33,150		3,275
Total liabilities			1,753,149		1,837,446		1,946,668
Shareholders' equity							
Share capital			508,369		490,047		477,703
Contributed surplus			14,121		13,088		14,044
Retained earnings			1,104,534		1,031,097		955,300
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)			2,484		(341)		2,031
Total shareholders' equity			1,629,508		1,533,891		1,449,078
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$	3,382,657	\$	3,371,337	\$	3,395,746

# TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

		Three	Nine	ne months ended September 30					
(\$ thousands, except share amounts)	Note	2020	2019		2020		2019		
Revenues	11	\$ 921,656	\$ 975,221	\$	2,486,712	\$	2,653,515		
Cost of goods sold		695,043	731,842		1,895,454		2,002,567		
Gross profit		226,613	243,379		591,258		650,948		
Selling and administrative expenses		113,736	128,894		346,006		366,652		
Operating income		112,877	114,485		245,252		284,296		
Interest expense	6	7,874	6,944		22,695		20,851		
Interest and investment income	6	(1,719)	(1,805)		(6,008)		(6,585)		
Income before income taxes		106,722	109,346		228,565		270,030		
Income taxes		29,363	29,659		62,600		73,684		
Net earnings		\$ 77,359	\$ 79,687	\$	165,965	\$	196,346		
Earnings per share									
Basic	7	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.98	\$	2.02	\$	2.41		
Diluted	7	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.97	\$	2.01	\$	2.39		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding									
Basic	7	82,195,332	81,621,614		82,078,763		81,487,112		
Diluted	7	82,724,575	82,168,100		82,513,989		82,030,091		

# TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Thre	e months ended	d Nine months ended						
			September 30	0September 3						
(\$ thousands)		2020	2019		2020		2019			
Net earnings	\$ 7	77,359	\$ 79,687	\$	165,965	\$	196,346			
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of income taxes:										
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net earnings:										
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(233)	108		244		(260)			
Unrealized (losses) gains on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges		(2,939)	2,190		5,360		(6,882)			
Income tax recovery (expense)		773	(569)		(1,405)		1,790			
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes		(2,166)	1,621		3,955		(5,092)			
Realized losses (gains) on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges		3,757	1,252		(1,873)		1,935			
Income tax (recovery) expense		(993)	(325)		499		(503)			
Realized losses (gains) on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes		2,764	927		(1,374)		1,432			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net earnings:										
Actuarial and other gains (losses)		9,113	10,902		(17,003)		(35,430)			
Income tax (expense) recovery		(2,417)	(2,889)		4,505		9,389			
Actuarial and other gains (losses), net of income taxes		6,696	8,013		(12,498)		(26,041)			
Other comprehensive income (loss)		7,061	10,669		(9,673)		(29,961)			
Total comprehensive income	\$ 8	34,420	\$ 90,356	\$	156,292	\$	166,385			

# TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

			Three	months ended							
		_		September 30		September 30					
(\$ thousands)	Note		2020	2019	2020	2019					
Operating activities			050	A 70.007	405.005	<b>#</b> 400.040					
Net earnings		\$	77,359	\$ 79,687	\$ 165,965	\$ 196,346					
Items not requiring cash:				44.404		101.010					
Depreciation and amortization			41,530	41,421	124,616	121,346					
Stock-based compensation			1,410	1,622	4,230	4,538					
Post-employment obligations			32	170	5,617	(3,083)					
Deferred income taxes			10,042	(2,238)	23,355	(1,478)					
Gain on sale of rental equipment and property, plant and			(= 0.40)	(0.000)	4	(00.400)					
equipment			(5,616)	(8,208)	(17,511)	(20,106)					
No. 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 d	4.0		124,757	112,454	306,272	297,563					
Net change in non-cash working capital and other	10		(61,044)	11,827	(70,010)	` ' '					
Additions to rental equipment	2		(19,810)	(39,306)	(74,875)	, , , , ,					
Proceeds on disposal of rental equipment			14,435	10,582	39,527	47,094					
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities			58,338	95,557	200,914	(20,191)					
Investing activities	_		(0.500)	(0.070)	(00.04.0)	(45.004)					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	2		(6,562)	(8,079)	(36,014)	` ' '					
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment			253	155	10,277	593					
(Decrease) increase in other assets			(24)	(49)	(140)	3					
Cash used in investing activities			(6,333)	(7,973)	(25,877)	(44,725)					
Financing activities											
Repayment of credit facility			(100,000)								
Repayment of senior debentures			(100,000)	-	_	(1,022)					
Debt issuance costs			- (57)	-	(330)	(1,022)					
	4		(57)	(22.044)	(338)	(00.740)					
Dividends paid	4		(25,446)	(22,011)	(73,020)	, , ,					
Cash received on exercise of stock options			9,138	8,140	15,530	16,530					
Shares purchased for cancellation	4		- (4 707)	- (0.557)	(4,043)						
Payment of lease liabilities			(1,707)	(2,557)	(7,845)	(7,472)					
Cash used in by financing activities			(118,072)	(16,428)	(69,716)	(54,710)					
Effect of currency translation on cash balances			(86)	109	112	(91)					
(Decrease) increase in cash during the period		İ	(66,153)	71,265	105,433	(119,717)					
Cash, at beginning of the period			537,175	154,452	365,589	345,434					
Cash, at end of the period		\$	471,022	\$ 225,717	\$ 471,022	\$ 225,717					

Supplemental cash flow information (note 10)

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Share of	сар	ital					Ac	cumulated oth	ner c	omprehensi	ve in	come (loss)	1	
									Foreign						
									currency						Total
				Co	ntributed		Retained		translation		Cash flow			sha	areholders'
(\$ thousands, except share numbers)	Number		Amount		surplus		earnings		adjustments		hedges		Total		equity
At January 1, 2020	82,012,448	\$	490,047	\$	13,088	\$1	,031,097	\$	2,219	\$	(2,560)	\$	(341)	\$	1,533,891
Net earnings	-		-		-		165,965		-		-		-		165,965
Other comprehensive (loss) income	-		-		-		(12,498)		244		2,581		2,825		(9,673)
Total comprehensive income	-		-		-		153,467		244		2,581		2,825		156,292
Exercise of stock options	368,490		18,727		(3,197)		-		-		-		-		15,530
Stock-based compensation expense	-		-		4,230		-		-		-		-		4,230
Effect of stock compensation plans	368,490		18,727		1,033		-		-		-		-		19,760
Shares purchased for cancellation	(67,800)		(405)		-		(3,638)		-		-		-		(4,043)
Dividends declared	-		-		-		(76,392)		-		-		-		(76,392)
At September 30, 2020	82,313,138	\$	508,369	\$	14,121	\$1	,104,534	\$	2,463	\$	21	\$	2,484	\$	1,629,508
At January 1, 2019	81,226,383	\$	457,800	\$	12,879	\$	851,049	\$	2,700	\$	3,251	\$	5,951	\$	1,327,679
Net earnings	-		-		-		196,346		-		-		-		196,346
Other comprehensive loss	-		-		-		(26,041)		(260)		(3,660)		(3,920)		(29,961)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-		-		-		170,305		(260)		(3,660)		(3,920)		166,385
Exercise of stock options	556,125		19,903		(3,373)		-		-		-		-		16,530
Stock-based compensation expense	-		-		4,538		-		-		-		-		4,538
Effect of stock compensation plans	556,125		19,903		1,165		-		_		-		-		21,068
Dividends declared	-		-		-		(66,054)		-		-		-		(66,054)
At September 30, 2019	81,782,508	\$	477,703	\$	14,044	\$	955,300	\$	2,440	\$	(409)	\$	2,031	\$	1,449,078

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

(\$ thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Corporate Information**

Toromont Industries Ltd. (the "Company" or "Toromont") is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in Canada whose shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol TIH. The registered office is located at 3131 Highway 7 West, Concord, Ontario, Canada.

Toromont operates through two reportable segments: the Equipment Group and CIMCO. The Equipment Group includes one of the larger Caterpillar dealerships by revenue and geographic territory in addition to industry leading rental operations and an agricultural equipment business. CIMCO is a market leader in the design, engineering, fabrication and installation of industrial and recreational refrigeration systems. Both segments offer comprehensive product support capabilities.

# **Basis of Preparation**

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements were the same as those that applied to the Company's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019. Management also incorporated the potential impact of COVID-19 into its estimates and assumptions.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands, except where otherwise indicated.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 5, 2020.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, except as noted below. Several amendments apply for the first time in 2020, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company. The Company has not early-adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

# **Government Grants**

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all conditions associated with the grant are met. Claims under income-related government grants are reported in the consolidated income statements as a deduction from the related expenses. Government grants receivable are recorded in accounts receivable on the consolidated statements of financial position.

# 2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RENTAL EQUIPMENT

Activity within property, plant and equipment and rental equipment during the period included:

	Three	 ths ended otember 30	Nine months ended September 30				
	2020	2019	2020		2019		
Additions							
Rental equipment	\$ 19,810	\$ 39,306	\$ 74,875	\$	182,457		
Property, plant and equipment	6,562	8,079	36,014		45,321		
Total additions	\$ 26,372	\$ 47,385	\$ 110,889	\$	227,778		
Disposals - Net book value ("NBV") Rental equipment Property, plant and equipment	\$ 9,040 31	\$ 2,368 161	\$ 26,599 5,695	\$	27,109 472		
Total disposals - NBV	\$ 9,071	\$ 2,529	\$ 32,294	\$	27,581		
Depreciation Cost of goods sold Selling and administrative expenses	\$ 32,477 5,223	\$ 31,961 5,692	\$ 96,389 16,707	\$	93,765 16,455		
Total depreciation	\$ 37,700	\$ 37,653	\$ 113,096	\$	110,220		

# 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

	September 30	December 31	September 30
	2020	2019	2019
Senior Debentures:			
3.71%, \$150.0 million, due September 30, 2025 <sup>(1)</sup>	150,000	150,000	150,000
3.84%, \$500.0 million, due October 27, 2027 <sup>(1)</sup>	500,000	500,000	500,000
	650,000	650,000	650,000
Debt issuance costs, net of amortization	(4,019)	(4,529)	(4,762)
Total long-term debt	\$ 645,981	\$ 645,471	\$ 645,238

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest payable semi-annually, principal due on maturity.

# All debt is unsecured.

The Company maintains a \$500.0 million committed revolving credit facility that matures in October 2022. On April 17, 2020, the Company entered into an additional \$250.0 million committed revolving credit

facility maturing in April 2021. Debt under these facilities is unsecured and ranks pari passu with debt outstanding under Toromont's existing debentures. Interest is based on a floating rate, primarily bankers' acceptances and prime, plus applicable margins and fees based on the terms of the credit facility.

No amounts were drawn on these revolving credit facilities as at September 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 or September 30, 2019. Standby letters of credit issued utilized \$35.7 million of the facility as at September 30, 2020 (December 31, 2019 – \$33.1 million and September 30, 2019 – \$30.2 million).

#### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

#### Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB")

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company purchased and cancelled 67,800 common shares for \$4.0 million (average cost of \$59.62 per share, including transaction costs) under the NCIB program. No shares were purchased and cancelled during the comparative period in 2019.

The Company's NCIB program expired in August 2020 and was not renewed.

#### **Dividends**

The Company paid dividends of \$25.5 million or \$0.31 per share during the three months ended September 30, 2020 (2019 – \$22.0 million or \$0.27 per share) and \$73.0 million or \$0.89 per share during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019 – \$62.7 million or \$0.77 per share).

The quarterly dividend was increased on February 11, 2020, to \$0.31 per share effective with the dividend paid on April 2, 2020.

#### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# Financial Assets and Liabilities - Classification and Measurement

The following table highlights the carrying amounts and classifications of certain financial assets and liabilities:

	Se	ptember 30	December 31	September 30
		2020	2019	2019
Other financial liabilities:  Long-term debt	\$	645,981	\$ 645,471	\$ 645,238
Derivative financial instruments liabilities, net:				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$	(6,283)	\$ (10,366)	\$ (925)

# **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is measured using the discounted value of the difference between the contract's value at maturity based on the contracted foreign exchange rate and the contract's value at maturity based on the comparable foreign exchange rate at period-end under the same conditions. The financial institution's credit risk is also taken into consideration in determining fair value.

The valuation is determined using Level 2 inputs, which are observable inputs or inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, most significantly foreign exchange spot and forward rates.

The fair value and carrying value of long-term debt is as follows:

	Se	otember 30	December 31	September 30
Long-term debt		2020	2019	2019
Fair value	\$	721,910	\$ 683,092	\$ 693,735
Carrying value	\$	650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000

The fair value was determined using the discounted cash flow method, a generally accepted valuation technique. The discounted factor is based on market rates for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities and based on Toromont's credit risk. The Company has no plans to prepay these instruments prior to maturity.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

# **Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting**

Foreign exchange contracts and options are transacted with financial institutions to hedge foreign currency-denominated obligations related to purchases of inventory and sales of products. As at September 30, 2020, the Company was committed to USD purchase contracts with a notional amount of \$373.3 million at an average exchange rate of \$1.3503, maturing between October 2020 and August 2021. The Company was also committed to USD sell contracts with a notional amount of \$4.9 million at an average exchange rate of \$1.3283, maturing in January 2021.

Management estimates that a loss of \$6.3 million (December 31, 2019 – loss of \$10.4 million; September 30, 2019 – loss of \$0.9 million) would be realized if the contracts were terminated on September 30, 2020. Certain of these forward contracts are designated as cash flow hedges, and accordingly, an unrealized gain of \$0.1 million (December 31, 2019 – unrealized loss of \$2.8 million; September 30, 2019 – unrealized loss of \$0.6 million) has been included in other comprehensive income (loss). These gains/losses are not expected to affect net income as the amounts will be reclassified to net income within the next 11 months and will offset losses recorded on the underlying hedged items, namely foreign-denominated accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Certain of those forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges, but are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions. A loss of \$6.4 million (December 31, 2019 – loss of \$7.6 million; September 30, 2019 – loss of \$0.3 million) on forward contracts not designated as hedges is included in net earnings, which offsets losses recorded on the foreign-denominated items, namely accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

# 6. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE

The components of interest expense were as follows:

	Three	mon	ths ended	Nine months ended				
			September 30					
	2020		2019		2020		2019	
Credit facilities	\$ 1,326	\$	368	\$	3,118	\$	1,237	
Senior debentures	6,330		6,330		18,871		18,874	
Interest on lease liabilities	218		246		706		740	
	\$ 7,874	\$	6,944	\$	22,695	\$	20,851	

The components of interest and investment income were as follows:

	Three	mon	ths ended	Nine months ended				
		Sep		September 30				
	2020		2019		2020		2019	
Interest on conversion of rental equipment	\$ 432	\$	713	\$	1,635	\$	2,640	
Other	1,287		1,092		4,373		3,945	
	\$ 1,719	\$	1,805	\$	6,008	\$	6,585	

#### 7. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Thre		onths ended September 30	Nin	ne months ended September 30		
	2020	]	2019	2020	1	2019	
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$ 77,359	\$	79,687	\$ 165,965	\$	196,346	
						_	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	82,195,332		81,621,614	82,078,763		81,487,112	
Dilutive effect of stock option conversions	529,243		546,486	435,226		542,979	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	82,724,575		82,168,100	82,513,989		82,030,091	
Earnings per share:							
Basic	\$ 0.94	\$	0.98	\$ 2.02	\$	2.41	
Diluted	\$ 0.94	\$	0.97	\$ 2.01	\$	2.39	

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2020, there were no anti-dilutive options. For the comparative period in 2019, 1,068,600 outstanding share options with an average exercise price of \$65.96 were considered anti-dilutive (exercise price in excess of average market price) and were excluded from the calculation.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020, there were 532,443 outstanding share options with an exercise price of \$72.95, which were considered anti-dilutive and were excluded from the calculation (2019 – 1,068,000 anti-dilutive options).

# 8. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

A reconciliation of the outstanding options was as follows:

	Nine me	onths ended	Nine months end				
	Septem	ber 30, 2020	Septem	ber 30, 2019			
		Weighted		Weighted			
		Average		Average			
	Number of	Exercise	Number of	Exercise			
	Options	Price	Options	Price			
Options outstanding, January 1	2,329,705 \$	51.68	2,636,070 \$	43.78			
Granted	532,443	72.95	495,200	65.72			
Exercised (1)	(368,490)	42.14	(556,125)	29.72			
Forfeited	(2,000)	65.97	(15,500)	53.33			
Options outstanding, September 30	2,491,658 \$	57.62	2,559,645 \$	51.02			
Options exercisable, September 30	1,017,195 \$	45.94	1,126,055 \$	40.79			

<sup>(1)</sup> The weighted average share price at date of exercise for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$71.03 (2019 - \$66.49).

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2020.

		Option	s O	utstanding	Options Exercisable				
		Weighted		Weighted			Weighted		
		Average		Average	e Average				
		Remaining		Exercise			Exercise		
Range of Exercise Prices	Number	Life (years)		Price	Number		Price		
\$23.40 - \$26.52	159,430	3.5	\$	25.66	159,430	\$	25.66		
\$36.65 - \$39.79	508,870	5.4	\$	38.39	427,610	\$	38.12		
\$53.88 - \$66.22	1,290,915	7.9	\$	62.83	430,155	\$	61.22		
\$72.95	532,443	9.9	\$	72.95	-	\$	-		
	2,491,658	7.5	\$	57.62	1,017,195	\$	45.94		

The fair value of the stock options granted during the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were determined at the time of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2020	2019
Fair value price per option	\$ 11.14	\$ 11.68
Share price	\$ 72.95	\$ 65.72
Expected life of options (years)	5.76	5.90
Expected stock price volatility	21.0%	21.0%
Expected dividend yield	1.70%	1.64%
Risk-free interest rate	0.34%	1.40%

# **Deferred Share Unit Plan ("DSU")**

A reconciliation of the DSU plan was as follows:

		onths ended per 30, 2020					
	Number of		Number of				
	DSUs	Value	DSUs	Value			
Outstanding, January 1	388,547 \$	27,392	358,151 \$	19,005			
Units taken or taken in lieu and dividends	24,169	1,641	25,598	1,650			
Redemptions	(23,477)	(1,527)	(2,018)	(127)			
Fair market value adjustment	-	2,501	-	3,787			
Outstanding, September 30	389,239 \$	30,007	381,731 \$	24,315			

The liability for DSUs is recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

# 9. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

Employee future benefits expense included the following components:

	Thre	ee months ended September 30		ne months ended September 30
	2020	1		, ·
Defined benefit plans	\$ 4,914	\$ 4,535	\$ 14,741	\$ 11,696
Curtailment gain	-	-	-	(5,000)
Defined contribution plans	3,743	3,575	11,381	10,550
401(k) matched savings plans	68	67	206	199
	\$ 8,725	\$ 8,177	\$ 26,328	\$ 17,445

# 10. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Thre	e mo	onths ended	Nine months ended				
		Se	eptember 30			Se	eptember 30	
	2020		2019		2020		2019	
Net change in non-cash working capital and other								
Accounts receivable	\$ (54,095)	\$	25,593	\$	12,580	\$	8,535	
Inventories	83,446		(54)		62,956		(196,251)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(65,915)		(20,146)		(122,632)		(11,308)	
Provisions	1,127		(1,294)		2,030		(1,839)	
Deferred revenues and contract liabilities	1,906		6,217		(1,326)		17,549	
Income taxes	(27,858)		10,604		(22,138)		(20,528)	
Derivative financial instruments	2,955		(8,189)		(606)		23,605	
Other Other	(2,610)		(904)		(874)		(2,154)	
	\$ (61,044)	\$	11,827	\$	(70,010)	\$	(182,391)	
Cash paid during the period for:								
Interest	\$ 2,783	\$	3,405	\$	16,480	\$	17,063	
Income taxes	\$ 47,972	\$	22,779	\$	61,922	\$	97,275	
Cash received during the period for:								
Interest	\$ 1,563	\$	1,730	\$	5,575	\$	6,290	
Income taxes	\$ 457	\$	1,711	\$	623	\$	1,711	

#### Government Grants

During the quarter ended September 30, 3020, the Company recognized a \$7.3 million government grant under the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") program (\$8.1 million in the first nine months of 2020).

#### 11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments: the Equipment Group and CIMCO as described in note 1, each supported by the corporate office. These segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services, and each is managed separately. The corporate office provides finance, treasury, legal, human resources and other administrative support to the segments and does not meet the definition of a reportable operating segment as defined in International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") 8 – Operating Segments, as it does not earn revenue.

The accounting policies of each of the reportable segments are the same as the significant accounting policies described in the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements.

Segment performance is assessed based on operating income, which is measured differently than income from operations in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Corporate overheads are allocated to the segments based on revenue. Income taxes, interest expense, interest and investment income are managed at a consolidated level and are not allocated to the reportable operating segments. Current income taxes, deferred income taxes and certain financial assets and liabilities are not allocated to the segments as they are also managed on a consolidated level.

The aggregation of the operating segments is based on the economic characteristics of the business units. These business units are considered to have similar economic characteristics including nature of products and services, class of customers and markets served and similar distribution models.

No reportable segment is reliant on any single external customer.

The following table sets forth information by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Equipment Group				CIN	ICO		Consolidated			
Three months ended September 30	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Equipment/package sales	\$ 383,764	\$	408,429	\$	48,490	\$	50,785	\$	432,254	\$	459,214
Rentals	104,541		117,763		-		-		104,541		117,763
Product support	343,657		352,718		38,450		42,949		382,107		395,667
Power generation	2,754		2,577		-		-		2,754		2,577
Total revenues	\$ 834,716	\$	881,487	\$	86,940	\$	93,734	\$	921,656	\$	975,221
Operating income	\$ 103,404	\$	104,221	\$	9,473	\$	10,264	\$	112,877	\$	114,485
Interest expense									7,874		6,944
Interest and investment income									(1,719)		(1,805)
Income taxes									29,363		29,659
Net earnings								\$	77,359	\$	79,687

	Equipme	Group	CIMCO			Consolidated					
Nine months ended September 30	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Equipment/package sales	\$ 1,022,896	\$	1,060,936	\$	107,210	\$	127,194	\$	1,130,106	\$	1,188,130
Rentals	257,818		304,089		-		-		257,818		304,089
Product support	980,325		1,038,097		110,307		115,502		1,090,632		1,153,599
Power generation	8,156		7,697		-		-		8,156		7,697
Total revenues	\$ 2,269,195	\$	2,410,819	\$	217,517	\$	242,696	\$	2,486,712	\$	2,653,515
Operating income	\$ 230,977	\$	266,348	\$	14,275	\$	17,948	\$	245,252	\$	284,296
Interest expense									22,695		20,851
Interest and investment income									(6,008)		(6,585)
Income taxes									62,600		73,684
Net earnings								\$	165,965	\$	196,346

Operating income from rental operations was \$13.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 (2019 – \$15.5 million) and \$19.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019 – \$29.7 million).

# 12. BUSINESS SEASONALITY AND UNCERTAINTY

Interim period revenues and earnings historically reflect seasonality. For the Equipment Group, the first quarter is typically the weakest due to winter shutdowns in the construction industry while the fourth quarter has consistently been the strongest quarter due to higher conversions at the Caterpillar dealership of equipment on rent with a purchase option. For CIMCO, the fourth quarter tends to be the strongest due to higher activity in recreational markets in advance of the winter recreational season.

The COVID-19 outbreak in early 2020 resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures included the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing and have affected economies and financial markets around the world, resulting in an economic slowdown. The Company implemented a specific response plan, informed by measures recommended by public health agencies, to enable it to continue to provide its essential services and support to customers, while safeguarding the health and safety of employees. Appropriate business continuity measures have been taken to ensure uninterrupted service of the Company's operations.

The breadth and duration of this pandemic are unknown, in part given the many unknowns related to the virus, the ability to contain outbreaks and the timing of a vaccine. Staff shortages, reduced customer activity and demand, increased government regulations or intervention, are some of the factors that have and may continue to negatively impact the business, consolidated financial results and conditions of the Company. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments as well as the impact on the consolidated financial results and condition of the Company in future periods.

The CEWS program was introduced by the Government of Canada, reimbursing eligible employers who have experienced the required reduction in revenue for a portion of salaries paid out to employees during the pandemic. The Company will continue to evaluate its eligibility for future periods under the CEWS program through the balance of 2020.

Cash on hand of \$471 million and available liquidity of \$714 million as at September 30, 2020, provide a degree of flexibility in the Company's operating and investing plans to mitigate the impacts of COVID-19.

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# **Common Shares**

Listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange Stock Symbol – TIH

# **Toromont Industries Ltd.**

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